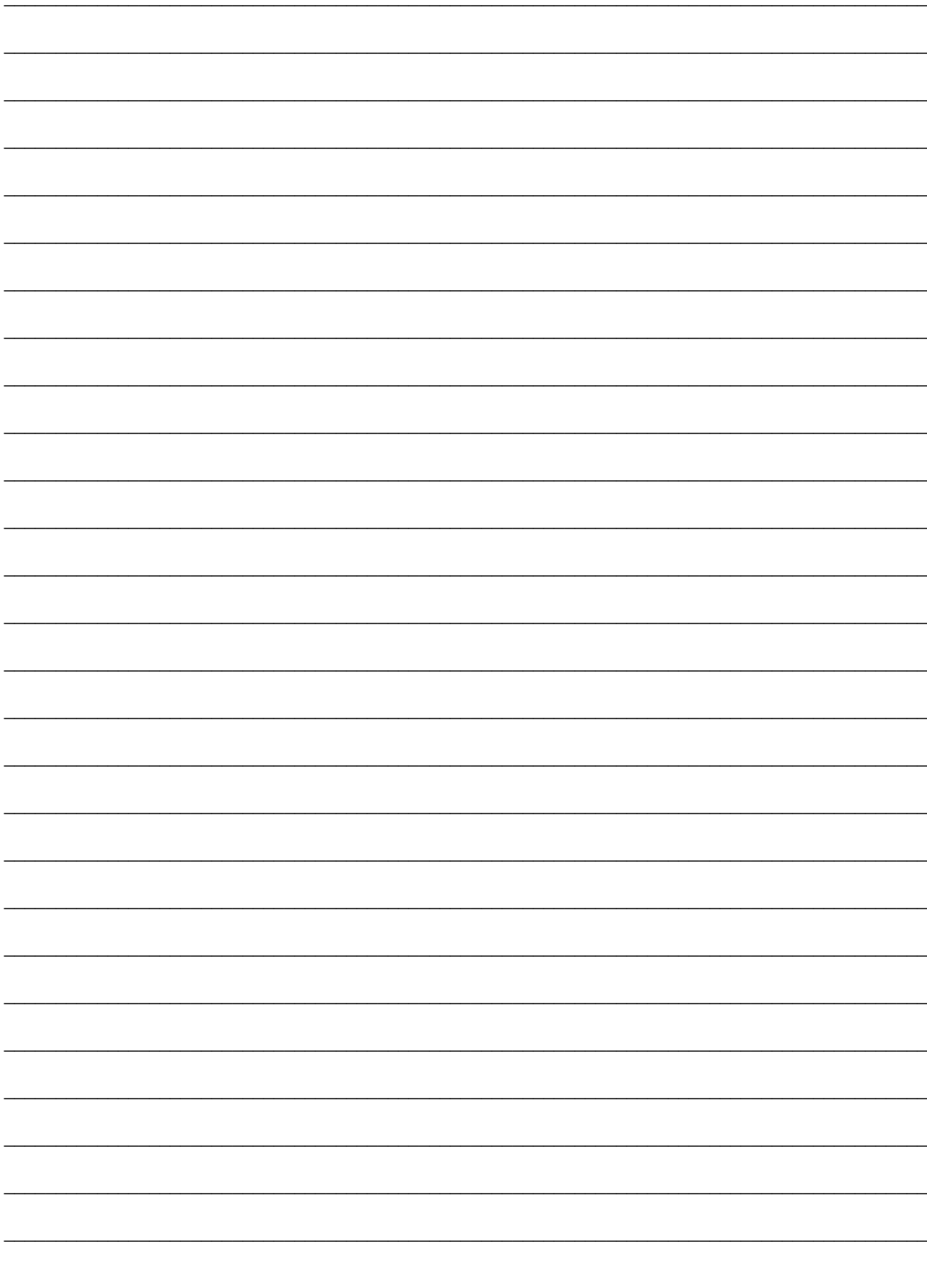

D09

Jean-François Delcamp

guitare classique chitarra classica classical guitar guitarra clásica

Clément Janequin : La guerre - John Dowland : Fantasia n°VII - Daniell Batcheler : Mounsiers Almaine - Jean-Philippe Rameau : Menuet - Tambourin - Domenico Scarlatti : Sonate K 11 - Johann Sebastian Bach : Choral BWV 147 - Choral BWV 645 - Fugue BWV 1000 - Prélude et Presto BWV 995 - Sylvius Léopold Weiss : Passagaille - Tombeau sur la mort du comte Logy - Fernando Sor : Variations sur Malbroug opus 28 - Mauro Giuliani : Grande ouverture opus 61 - Dionisio Aguado : Fandango opus 16 - Frédéric Chopin : Valse n°2 opus 64 - José Viñas y Dias : Fantasia Original - Francisco Tárrega : Danza Mora - Alborada - Estudio Brillante - Mazurka en sol - Isaac Albéniz : Prelude opus 165 - Malagueña opus 165 - Capricho Catalan opus 165 - Rumores de la calleta opus 71 - Enrique Granados : Danza Española n°5 opus 37 - Joaquim Malats : Serenata Española - Miguel Llobet : Estudio en mi mayor - El Mestre - El Noi de la Mare - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : Estudio de concierto - La catedral - Las abejas.

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Jean-François DELCAMP

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Jean-François DELCAMP

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Jean-François DELCAMP

Clément JANEQUIN (1485-1559)

LA GUERRE, faite à plaisir

du "Quart livre de tablature de guitte" édité par Adrien Le Roy et Robert Ballard à Paris en 1553, folio 25

Adaptation pour guitte de Grégoire BRAYSSING (1520-1580)
Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

♩ = 126

8 7 13 17 21

C II

p p i p i p i

70

74

p i p i p i p i p i

78

82

85

88

93

96

99

103

108

113

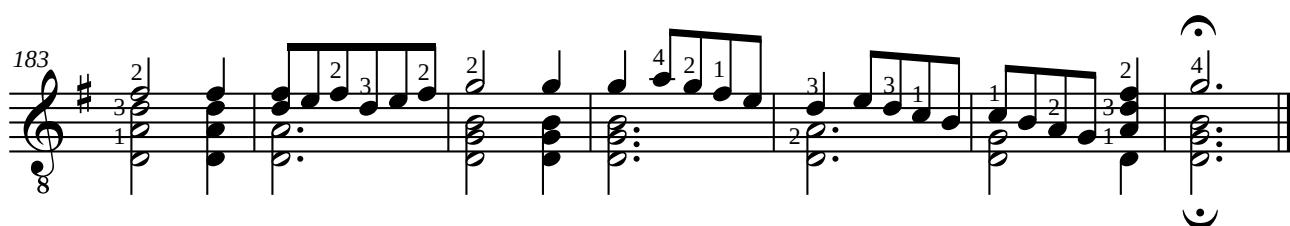
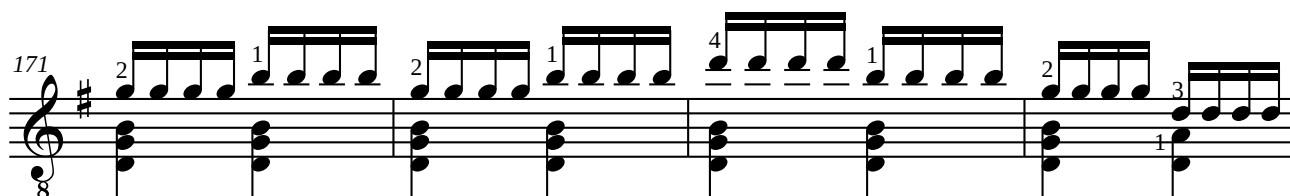
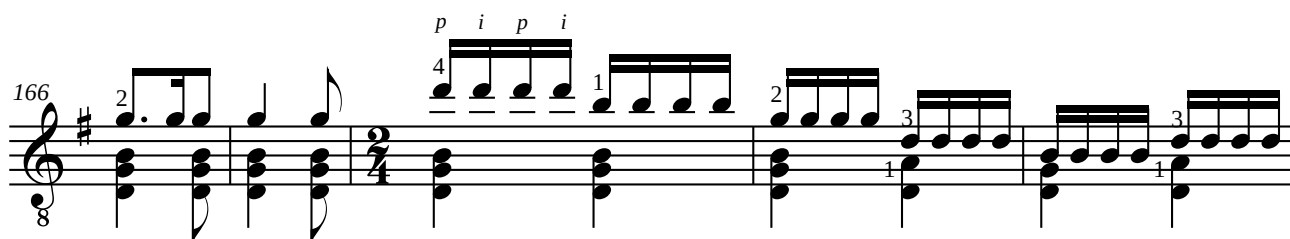
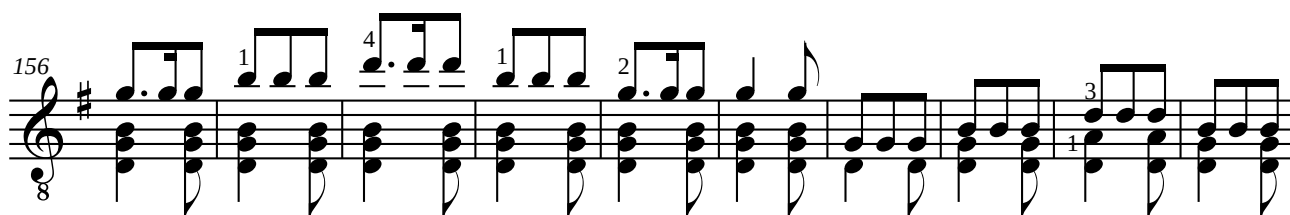
118

122

126

132

The musical score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 99, 103, 108, 113, 118, 122, 126, and 132 indicated at the start of their respective lines. The notation includes various rhythmic values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (numbers 1-4). Dynamic markings 'p' (piano) and 'i' (accrescendo) are used throughout. Rehearsal marks are indicated by a 'C' with a double bar line. The score concludes with a double bar line at measure 132.



John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

A FANTASIE

Varietie Of Lute Lessons (London 1610)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Le luth renaissance, pour lequel cette œuvre a été composée à l'origine, était accordé : SOL - DO - FA - LA - RE - SOL. Placez un capodastre à la frette III de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire.

Il liuto rinascimentale, per il quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordato : SOL – DO – FA – LA – RE – SOL. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul III tasto.

The renaissance lute, for which this work was originally composed, was tuned: G-C-F-A-D-G. Place a capo at fret III of your guitar to get a similar effect.

③ = FA# ♩ = 40

4

7

10

13

C II C IV

* original = LA/A
John DOWLAND : A FANTASIE

16

19

22

25

28

31

34

37

**** original = SOL/G**
John DOWLAND : A FANTASIE

62

64

66

68

71

71 original :

74

76

79

82

85

88

91

94

97

♩ = 40

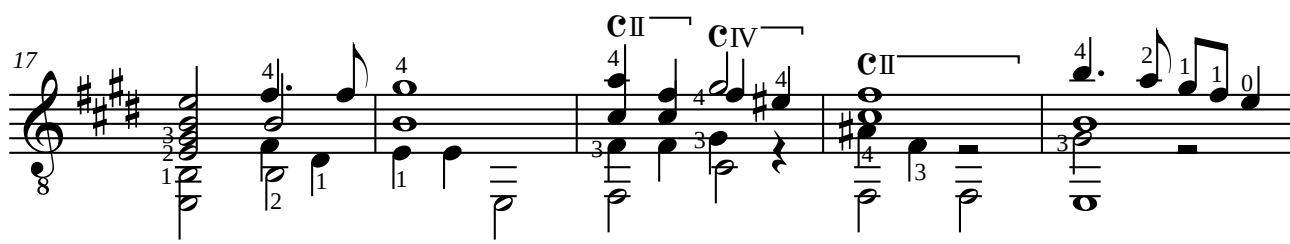
100

MOUNSIERS ALMAINE

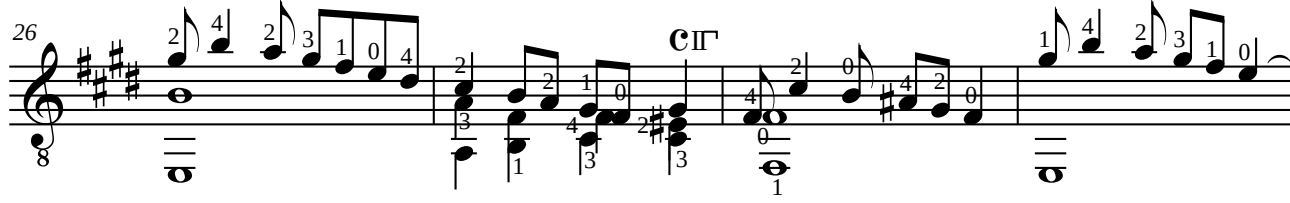
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

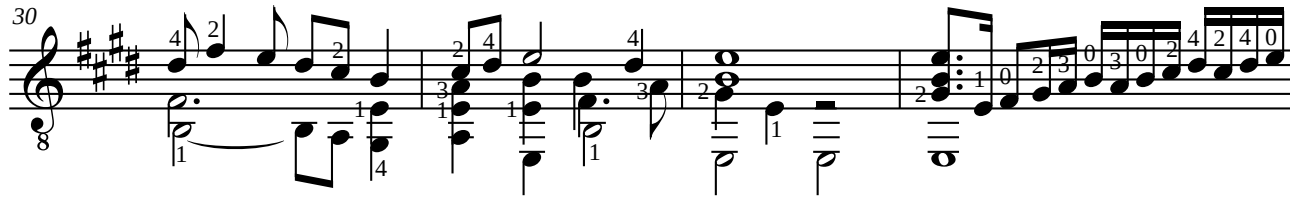
The renaissance lute, for which this work was originally composed, was tuned: G-C-F-A-D-G. Place a capo at fret III of your guitar to get a similar effect.

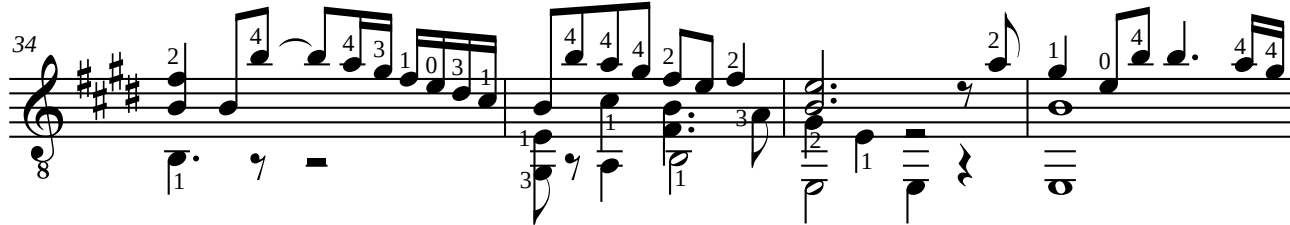
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17 

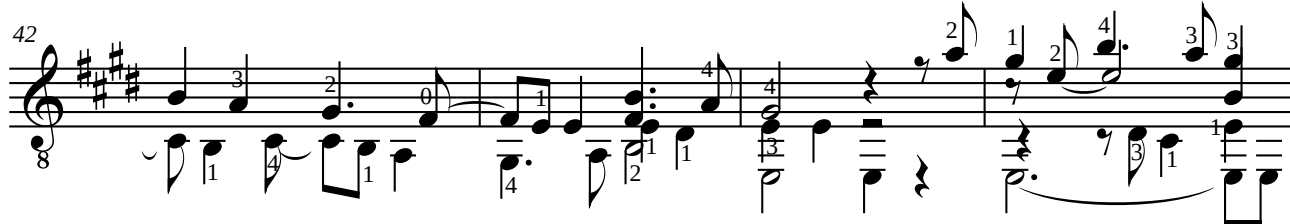
22 

26 

30 

34 

38 

42 

46

50

54

58

60

62

66

70

72

75

79

82

84

87

91 CII CII CII

94 CII

97

99 CII

102

105 CII

107 CII

109

111

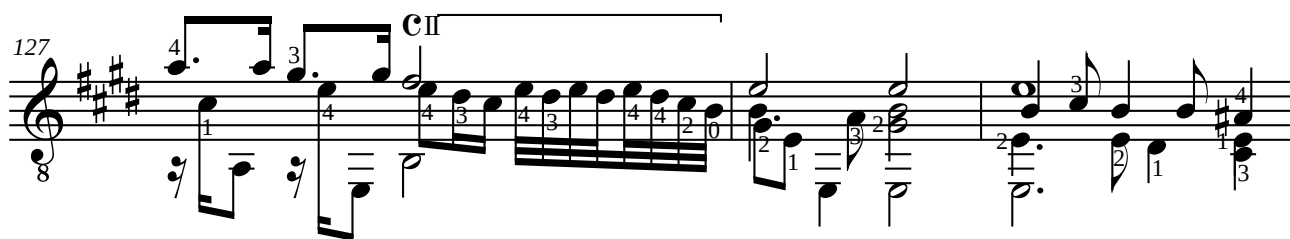
114

117

121

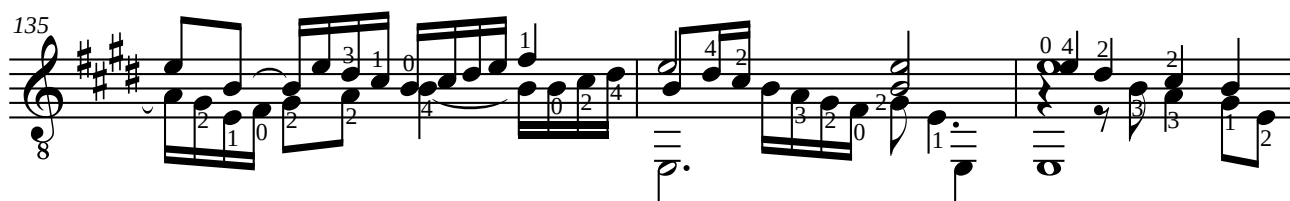
123

125

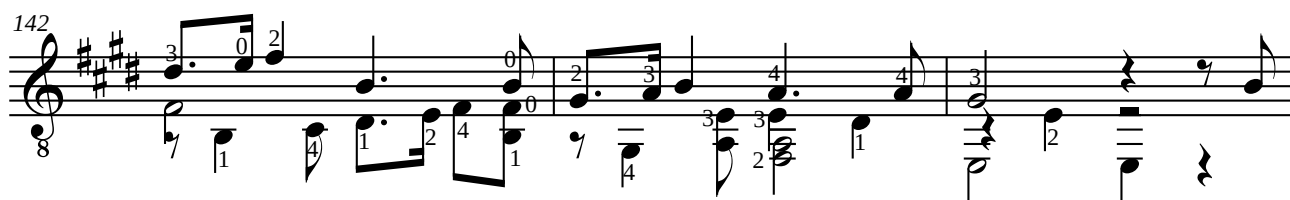
127 

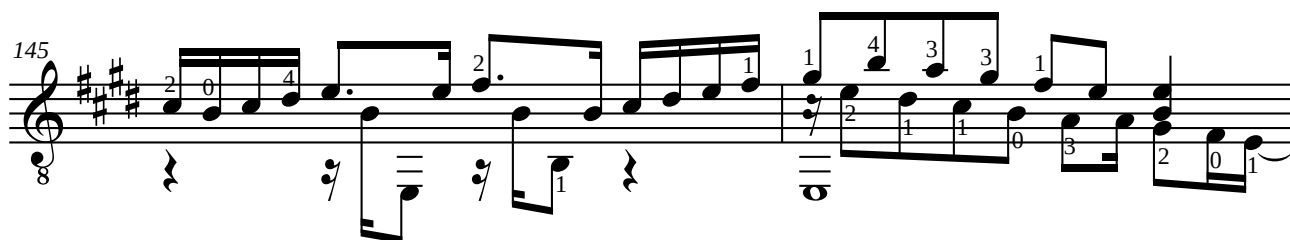
130 

133 

135 

138 

142 

145 

[illegible]

156

2

1

4

0

3

3

2

4

0

8

160

8

0 4 0 1 2 1 2 4 1 2 4 3 1 2 1

* original = D^F#/D[#]

* *original* = $RE\#/D\#$

Daniell BATCHELER : MOUNSIERS ALMAINE

www.delcamp.net

Jean-Philippe RAMEAU (1683-1764)

TAMBOURIN

de Pièces de clavecin (Paris, 1724)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Port de voix. Pincé. Port de voix. et Pincé. Cadence. Cadence appuyée. Accord arpeg. Accord arpeg.

Vif

8 3030 aimp 0404

5 4343 3030

9 1ère Reprise CII aimp 2424 CII aimp 2424 CII aimp 2424 CII aimp 1414

14 CII aimp 2424 aimp 1414 CII aimp 2424 aimp 1414 CII aimp 2424 3030 2ème Reprise 2131

19 2020 3131 3030

23

23

[illegible][illegible]

41

8

2 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 3

2 1 2 3 1

aimp 0404

45

4343

1 2 4 4 2 4 3 2 3 3 4 2 4 3 4 1 4

8 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1

Jean-Philippe RAMEAU (1683-1764)

MENUET

de "Premier livre de pièces de clavecin" (Paris 1706)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



This image shows a modern guitar adaptation of the Minuet by Jean-Philippe Rameau. It features two staves with musical notation and various performance instructions in French: "Port de voix.", "Pince.", "Port de voix, et Pince.", "Cadence.", "Cadence appuyée", "Accord arpeggé.", and "Accord arpeggé".

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

CHORAL BWV 147

JESUS BLEIBET MEINE FREUDE

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE/D

mf

3

6

9

13

C VII

16

19

22

25

28

31

34

37

40

43

46

49

52

55

C VII

C VII

C VII

CHORAL BWV 645

Wachet auf, ruft uns die Stimme

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

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[illegible]

www.delcamp.net

www.delcamp.net

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

FUGA BWV 1000 EN LA MINEUR

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

1 3 5 7 9 11

original :

C III

www.delcamp.net

25 *C II* *aimp* 0404 *tr* (4) (5)

27

29

31 *C III* *C II* *C IV* *C II*

34 *C VIII* *C VI* *C VI*

37 *C IV* *C III* *C II*

39

41

43

45

47

49

51

53

C V

C III

C II

C VII

m i

55 C II ²¹³¹ *tr*

57 C II

60 C V C VII C X

62 m i C VII C V

64 C III

66

68

70

72

74

76

79

81

83

Handwritten annotations in the score include: *m i*, *C IV*, *C II*, *C VII*, *C III*, *C II*, and *C VII*.

85

87

89

91

93

95

96

C III

C V

C II

C VII

C I

2131

21312131

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

PRELUDE BWV 995 EN LA MINEUR

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Prélude

312

3

4

6

9

11

13

2131

C V

[illegible]

Très Vite

28 C I ^{2131'}

35 C II ⁷

40 C VII

44

48

53

57 C II ⁷

61

③

②

C VII

65

C III

C I

70

②

75

tr

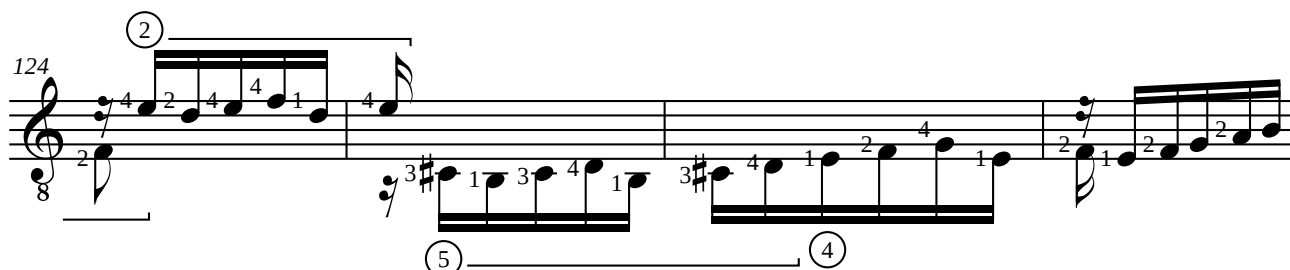
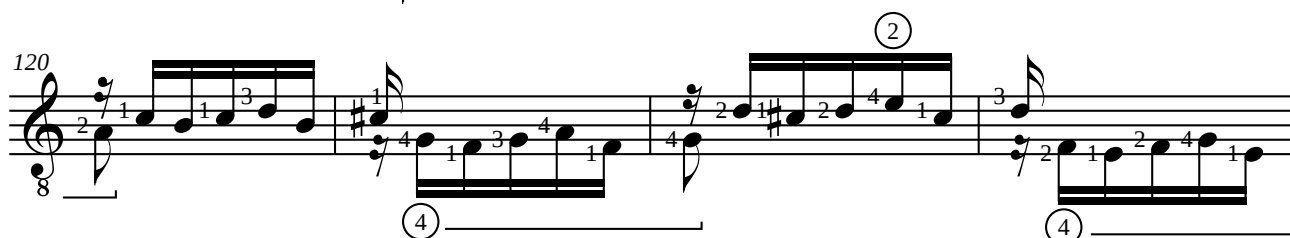
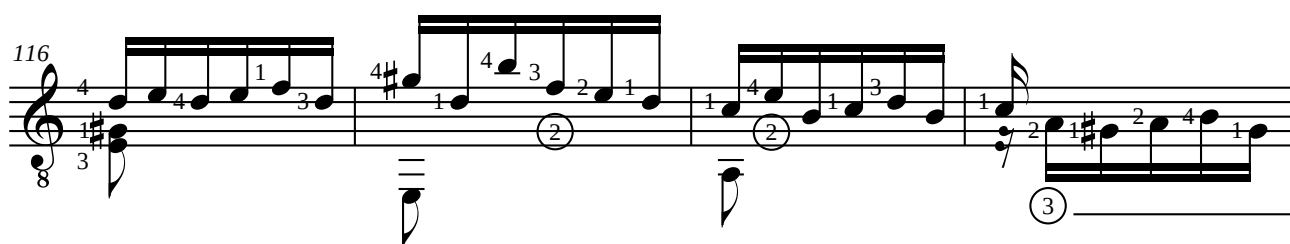
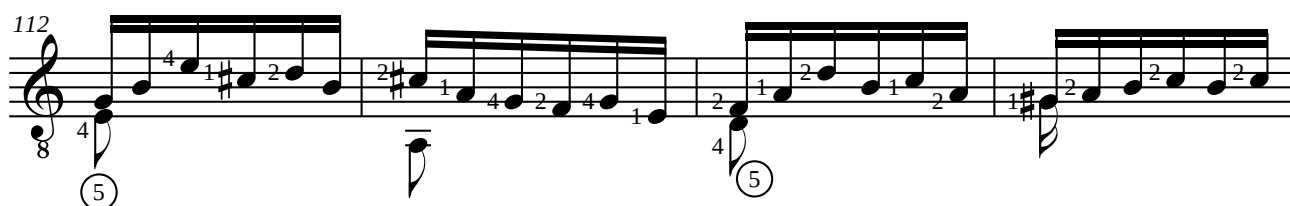
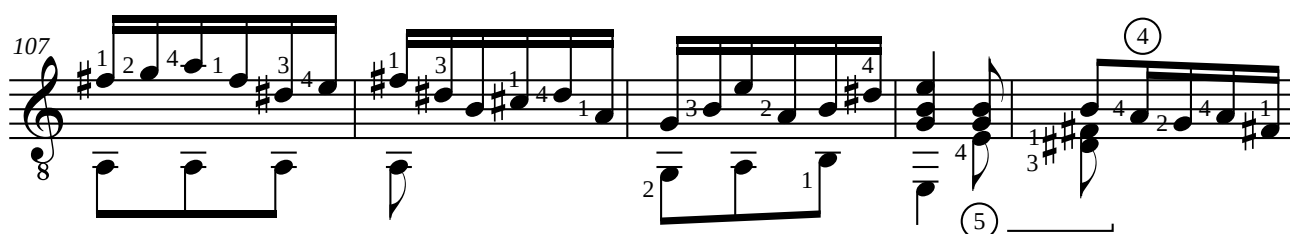
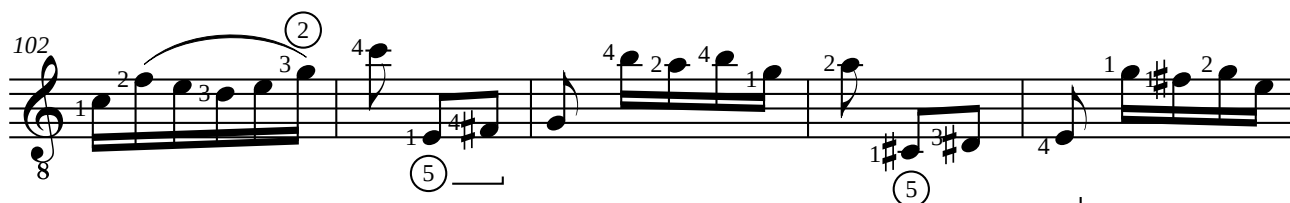
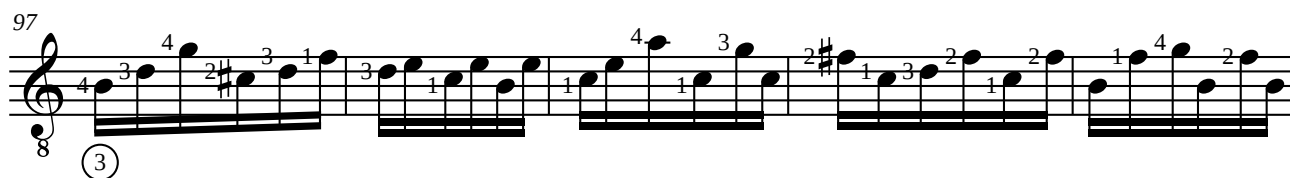
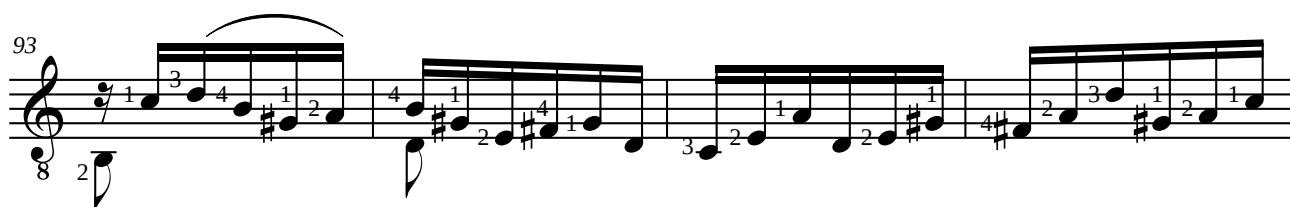
0404

80

85

89

⑤



128

C I

C III

132

C VI

136

141

145

C I

149

154

158

162

166

170

174

179

184

188

C IV

C I

tr 2131

192

196

201

205

209

213

217

222

C VII

C V

Domenico SCARLATTI (1685-1757)

SONATE K 11, L 352

en mi mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

This guitar score is an adaptation of Domenico Scarlatti's Sonata K 11, L 352 in E minor. It is written for guitar and features a variety of musical techniques and fingerings. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 4, 7, 9, 11, and 13 indicated at the start of their respective lines. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes several trills (tr) and accents (acc). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 on the right hand and 1-5 on the left hand. Some measures are marked with circled numbers (2, 3, 4, 5, 6). The score also includes dynamic markings such as 'aimp' (accidental) and 'tr' (trill). The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp.

15 *tr* 1020 *C VII* 424242 *C II*

18 *C II* *C II* 4141 3232 (2)

21 (3) (4)

23 2030 *tr* 2131

25 4242 *tr* 2121 *C III* 4131 *C II* 2131 (5)

27 (1) *C XII* *C XII* (5) (6)

Sylvius Leopold WEISS (1686-1750)

PASSAGAILLE

de la suite XIV pour luth, d'après le manuscrit conservé au British Museum de Londres.

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Les liaisons indiquées ici sont celles de l'oeuvre originale, il est possible qu'elles ne soient pas adaptées à la guitare. I legati indicati sono quelli dell'opera originale, ed è possibile che non siano adatti alla chitarra. Ties here are transcribed as indicated in the original work. It is possible that they are not suited for the guitar. Los enlaces indicados aquí son los de la obra original, y es posible que no se adapten a la guitarra.

⑥ = RE

2030 *tr*

C II 3121 *tr*

5

C V

3030 *tr*

9

C IV ④ ③ ③

13

3030 *tr*

17

21 *4131* *fr*

23

25

27 *♩*

30 *i p i*

32 *CV*

34 *213121* *fr*

36 C II

38

40

42

44 C II

46 C II

49 C II

51

53

55

57

61

64

66

68

70

72 C II

74

76 C II

78 2030 *tr* C II 3121 *tr*

82

303030 *tr*

Sylvius Leopold WEISS (1686-1750)

TOMBEAU sur La Mort de Mr. Comte d'Logy

Arrivée en 1721

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Adagio

The musical score is written for guitar in G major (one sharp) and common time. It consists of five systems of music. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Adagio'. The first system includes a 'C VII' marking. The second system includes a 'vibrato' marking. The third system includes a 'C II' marking. The fourth system includes a 'C II' marking. The fifth system includes a 'C II' marking. The score includes various guitar techniques such as vibrato, trills, and fingerings. The piece is marked 'Adagio' and 'C VII'.

[illegible]

1ère Var.

CII

Andantino mineur

2ème Var.

The first staff of the 2nd variation begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 6/8 time signature. It features a series of chords and single notes with intricate fingerings (1-4, 2-3, etc.) and slurs. The second staff continues the melodic and harmonic development with similar fingering patterns. The third staff concludes the variation with a final chord and a repeat sign.

Tempo 1°. majeur

The 3rd variation is marked 'Tempo 1°. majeur' and is in 6/8 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It begins with a treble clef and a 6/8 time signature. The first staff includes dynamic markings of *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The second staff continues the piece with various fingerings and slurs. The third staff concludes the variation with a final chord and a repeat sign.

4ème Var.

5ème Var.

5ème Vari

CII CII

CII

CII

CVII

CII

CII CII

CII

CII

CVII

CVII

CVII

CVI

CI

p

CII

dédiée par l'éditeur à Mr. Louis AGLIATI
Edition Jean RICORDI n° 185

[illegible]

38 **CII**

40 **ff** **sf**

43 **p** **sf p**

46 **sf** **p** **CII**

49 **CIV** **CIV** **dol.**

52

55

58 **pp**

61 *cresc.* *poco* *a*

63 *poco* *f*

65 *sf* *sf*

67 *ff* *CII*

69 *pp* *cresc.* *poco*

71 *a* *poco* *f*

73 *sf* *sf*

75 *ff* *CIII*

77 *mf* *f*

80 *f* *mf*

84 *p* *pp* *ppp*

87 *f* *p*

89 *f* *p* *f*

92 *p* *sf* *f*

95 *mf* *f*

98 *p* *f* *p*

101 *f* *p*

104 *ff* *sf* *sf*

106 *sf* *mf* *sf* *sf*

108 *sf* *mf* *sf* *sf*

110 *sf* *mf* *sf* *sf*

112 *sf* *mf* *sf* *sf*

114 *sf* *sf* *sf* *p* *sf* *sf*

116 *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

118 *sf sf f* CIV

120 *p p*

122 *p sf sf p* CVI CIV CII

125 *mf mf* CII CII CII CII

129 *mf* CI

131 *f p f p* CII CII

133 *f p* CII CII

135 *f*

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154

157

160

162

164

166

168

pp

cresc.

poco

a

poco

f

sf

sf

ff

pp

170 *cresc.* *sempre* *cresc.*

172 *f* *sf*

174 *sf* *ff*

176 *mf*

178 *f*

180 *f* *f*

182 *mf* *p* *ppp*

187

pp *cresc.*

189

poco *a*

191

poco *f*

193

mf CIX

196

f *mf*

198

f

200

pp CII

202

8

f

CII

204

8

pp

CII

206

8

f

CII

208

8

sf

f

CII

CIX

210

8

sf

f

CIX

212

8

CV

CIX

215

8

CII

CV

fff

Dionisio AGUADO (1784-1849)

LE FANDANGO VARIÉ opus 16

Paris - 1836

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Adagio

8

5

9

14

18

22

27

31

35

Allegro vivace

38

43

47

50

53

57

61

64

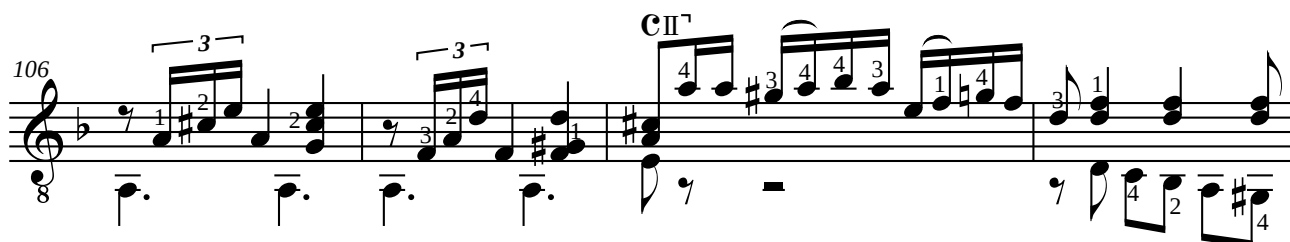
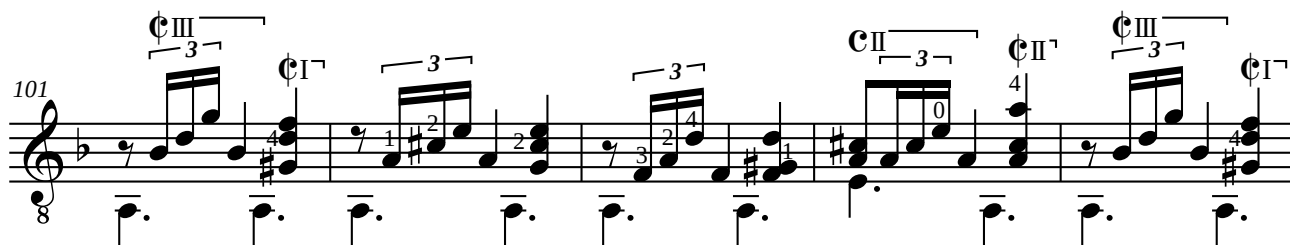
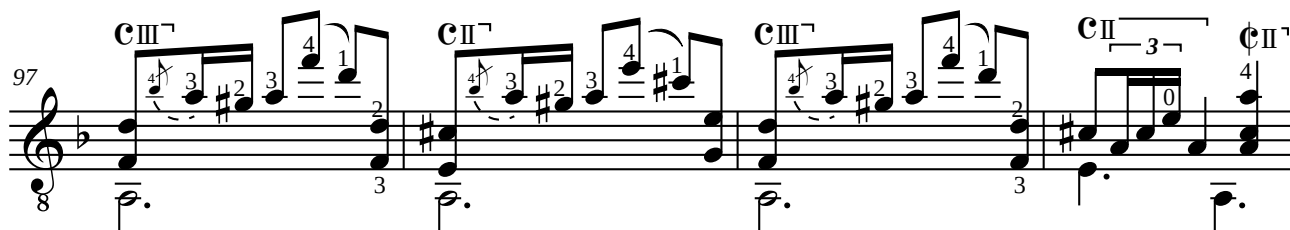
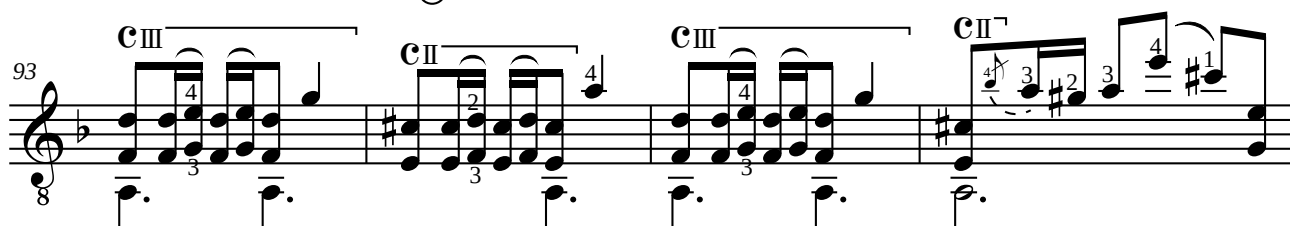
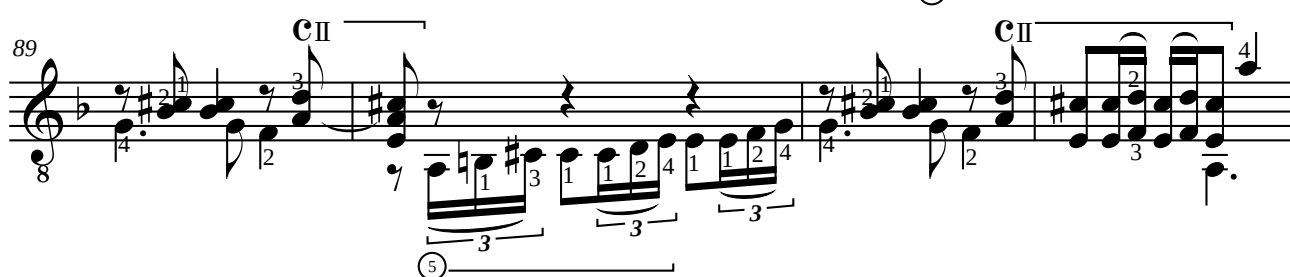
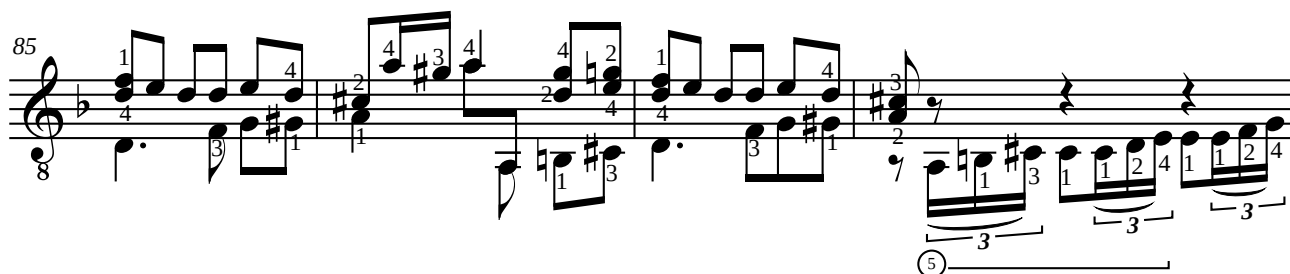
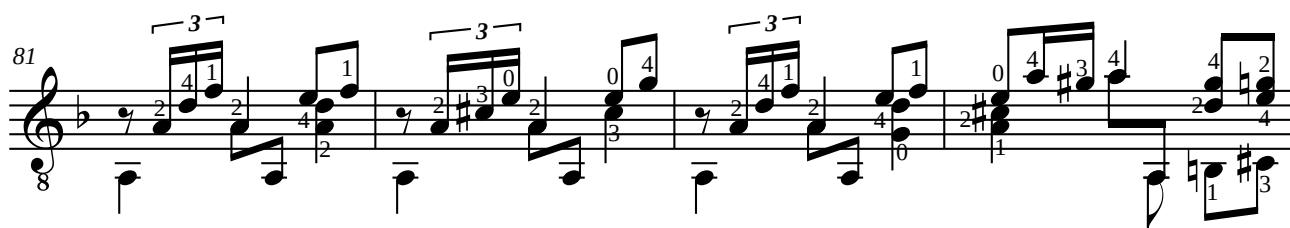
67

71

75

78

The musical score consists of eight staves of music, each starting with a measure number (53, 57, 61, 64, 67, 71, 75, 78). The music is written in a single system with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1-4). Above the staves, there are labels for guitar techniques: CII, CIV, CIII, and CII. The score is a single system of music, with each staff representing a measure of the piece.



110 8

114 8

117 8

120 8

122 8

125 8

128 8

132 8

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 110 to 132. It is written in a single system with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 8/8. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and triplets. Fingering is indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. Measure numbers 110, 114, 117, 120, 122, 125, 128, and 132 are placed at the beginning of their respective staves. The notation includes many slurs, ties, and specific fingering instructions for complex passages.

136

C1

141

C1

146

C1

150

153

CII

156

160

163

167

170

173

176

179

181

185

ritardando

Allegro

190

194

197

200

204

208

212

C VII

C VII

C VII

215 C VII

217 C VII C VI C IX

219 C VII

221

223

225 C VII

227 C VII

229 C VII C V C IX

231 C VII

233

235

237

239

242

Frédéric CHOPIN (1810-1849)

WALSE opus 64 N°2

à Madame NATHANIEL de ROTHSCHILD

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Tempo giusto

The score is written for guitar in 3/4 time. It consists of six staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature of 3/4. The music is in the key of D major. The score includes various ornaments and fingerings, such as trills, grace notes, and slurs. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The third staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fourth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fifth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The sixth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp.

CV
CVII
CIII
CI
CIII
CVI
CV
CVII
CIII
CI
CVIII

Più mosso

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

Più lento

65

71

77

83

88

93

98

poco ritenuto

Più mosso

CIX

CVII

CI

CII

CVI

CIX

CVII

CIX

CVII

CV

103

107

♯VII

♯V

111

♯IX

pp

115

♯VII

♯V

120

♯VII

124

♯V

♯IX

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Musical score for "Fantasia Original" by José Viñas y Dias. The score is written for piano (p) and includes various musical notations such as dynamics (pp, ff, p, meno), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings (1-4). The score is divided into measures, with some measures containing multiple notes and rests. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes a section marked "Allegro" and a section marked "C II".

23

26

29

33

37

41

44

47

51

rall.

rall.

12

Andante

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

p a m i

C IX

C II

C IX

59 **C IV**

60 **1. C VII**

61 **2. C VII**

62

63

64 **C IX**

65 **C VII**

66

8

4

67

8

C IX

68

8

6

5

69

8

p

cresc.

70

8

C II

71

8

rall.

a tempo

72

8

C IX

73

8

74 **C II**

75

76 **C IX**

77

78 **C VII** **C II**

79 **C II**

80 **C II** **C II**

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

ESTUDIO BRILLANTE

Arreglado sobre un tema de Jean-Delphin Alard (1815-1888)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

The image displays a musical score for Francisco Tárrega's 'Estudio Brillante', arranged by Jean-François Delcamp. The score is written for guitar and is in the key of D major (two sharps) and 2/4 time. It consists of four staves of music, each starting with a measure number (8, 4, 7, 10) and a guitar-specific instruction (8, 8, 8, 8). The notation includes various guitar techniques such as arpeggios (ar7), p (piano), and trills (tr). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Chord symbols (CII, CI, CII4/6, CVII) are placed above the staff. The score is a revision of a piece originally by Jean-Delphin Alard.

13 **CII** **CIV** **CII** **CII**

16 **CIV** (3) p

19 **CII** **CII**

22 **CI** **CII** **CI** **CII** **CII**_{4/6}

25 **CVII** **CII**

28 **CII** **CIV**

31 **CIV** **CVII**

34 **CII**

37

40 **CII**

43 *p*

46

* Original = RE/D

49

p

52

55

58

61

64

CII

CII

CI

CII

CI

CII

CII4/6

CVII

CII

CII

CII

CII

CIX

CVII

CV

[illegible]

70

IX

II

**

8

1

2

3

4

[illegible][illegible]

**** Original = LA/A**

MAZURKA

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Musical score for "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns, featuring a piano and a cello. The score is in 3/4 time, key of D major, and consists of 21 measures. The piano part is marked "a tempo" and "ritard." (ritardando). The cello part is marked "a tempo" and "ritard." (ritardando). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings.

* *original* = ϕ .

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a tempo

C VII

25

C II

29

molto ritard.

C VIII

C III

33

[a tempo]

C V

C II

37

C III

C VIII

a tempo

C III

41

ritard.

45

C VII

17

**** original**

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

ALBORADA

Capricho

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Andante

⑥ = RE/D

5

9

14

mano izquierdo - - - -

ar16 ar12 ar19

ar19

ar19 ar19

* Original = RE#D#

Francisco TÁRREGA : ALBORADA

www.delcamp.net

www.delcamp.net

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

DANZA MORA

En si minor

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

The musical score for Francisco Tárrega's 'Danza Mora' is presented in five systems. The key signature is one sharp (F#), indicating E minor. The time signature is 2/4. The score includes various musical notations such as fingerings (numbers 1-4), dynamics (ff, p), articulation marks (>), and chord symbols (C VII, C II, C V). The piece begins with a forte (ff) dynamic and a 'Ligero' tempo marking. The score is marked with measure numbers 4, 10, 16, 19, and 23. The final measure of the piece is marked with a circled 5.

* original = DO/C

Francisco TÁRREGA : DANZA MORA

www.delcamp.net

www.delcamp.net

This musical score is for Francisco Tárrega's piece "Danza Mora". It is written for guitar in the key of D major (indicated by two sharps) and 8/8 time. The score is divided into systems, with measure numbers 52, 55, 58, 62, 66, 70, and 74 marking the beginning of each system. The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1-4). Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (piano). The piece concludes with a final chord marked *ff*.

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

RUMORES DE LA CALETA

A mi ilustre amigo el Excmo : Sr. General Lopez Dominguez

Malagueña

Recuerdos de viaje opus 71, N°6

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegro

f

p *melancólico*

pp

pp

21

Meno tempo

26

p cantando

30

C III

35

39

42

8

dim.

45

8

C VII

49

8

C III

C V

53

8

C III

C VII

C V

57

8

p

Detailed description: This is a musical score for guitar, specifically for the piece 'Rumores de la Caleta' by Isaac Albéniz. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of five systems of music, each with a system number (42, 45, 49, 53, 57) and a guitar-specific system number (8). The notation includes various musical elements: eighth and sixteenth notes, triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings such as 'dim.' (diminuendo) and 'p' (piano). Chord symbols 'C III', 'C VII', and 'C V' are placed above the staff to indicate specific chords. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are written above or below notes to guide the performer. The score is presented in a clean, black-and-white format with standard musical notation.

61

65

68

Lento

dim.

XII

71

8va

V

Fine

Lento

343

343

Tempo I.º

ff

sempre p

76

C VIII

C VIII

C V

a tempo

poco ritard.

80 *a tempo* C I C III *a tempo*

rit. *rit.*

84 C V C VIII *a tempo*

mf *rit.*

88 C III *a tempo*

rit.

92 C I C III C VII Adagio

molto ritard. *riten.* *cadenza lento*

242 95 *ad lib :* *f* *riten.* D.S. al Fine

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

PRELUDE

N°1 d'España op. 165 (1890)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Andantino

p *ma sonoro*

pp

mp

Isaac ALBENIZ : PRELUDE

28

33

38

42

46

50

55

Andante

rit.

ar12

pp

morendo

rall.

- - - molto

ppp

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

MALAGUEÑA

N°3 d'España op. 165 (1890)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto

8 *staccato* *ten.*

7 *ben ten.*

14 *ff* *sempre staccato* **C II**

21 *sempre staccato*

28 *cresc.* *ben ten.*

34 *poco cresc.* **ff** **CII**

41 **sf** **CVII** **CVII**

47 **mf** *sonoro* **CV**

53 *leggero* **CVII**

57 *sonoro* *sempre staccato e dim.* **CVII**

61 **pp** **mf** *marcato* **1. Adagio**

66

Lento

CIII

poco più mosso

pp cantando *sempre p*

The musical score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It begins with a tempo marking of **Lento** and a section labeled **CVIII**. The first measure is marked with a '70' and contains a sequence of notes with fingerings 3, 4, 3, 1, 4. This is followed by a series of chords and arpeggios with fingerings 4, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2. The tempo then changes to **poco più mosso**. This section includes a measure with a '7' and a circled '2', followed by a series of notes with fingerings 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 1, 4. The score concludes with a long horizontal line and a circled '2'.

84

8

ben marc.

6

rall.

7

10

5

6

5

6

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

CAPRICO CATALAN

N°5 d'España op. 165 (1890)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto

⑥ = RE/D

②

First system of musical notation (measures 1-6). The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4. The notation includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a guitar-specific notation with a 6/8 time signature. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The piece is marked *dolce*. A circled 6 indicates the RE/D fret, and a circled 2 indicates the second fret.

Second system of musical notation (measures 7-13). The notation includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a guitar-specific notation with a 6/8 time signature. The piece is marked *legato* and *dolce*. A circled 2 indicates the second fret. A CII marking is present above the staff.

Third system of musical notation (measures 14-20). The notation includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a guitar-specific notation with a 6/8 time signature. The piece is marked *poco cresc.* and *dolce sempre*. A circled 6 indicates the RE/D fret, and a circled 2 indicates the second fret. A CVII marking is present above the staff.

Fourth system of musical notation (measures 21-27). The notation includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a guitar-specific notation with a 6/8 time signature. The piece is marked *dolce* and *legato*. A circled 4 indicates the fourth fret. A CII marking is present above the staff.

Fifth system of musical notation (measures 28-34). The notation includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a guitar-specific notation with a 6/8 time signature. The piece is marked *legato*. A circled 4 indicates the fourth fret. A CII marking is present above the staff.

34

41

47

54

61

68

dolcissimo

sf

dolce

sf

rit.

cantando e legato

sf

molto rall.

a tempo

CII

CIII

CIII

75

CII

82

CVII

89

CII

dolce

96

CII

riten. dolce

103

CII

CV

pp *p sonoro* *pp* *pp* *perdendosi*

110

CI

Adagio *tempo giusto*

sonoro *ar12* *pp*

Enrique GRANADOS (1867-1916)

DANZA ESPAÑOLA N°5 opus 37

Andaluza o Playera
A Alfredo G. Faria

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Andante quasi Allegretto

The score is written for guitar and includes a variety of musical notations such as chords, arpeggios, and fingerings. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 1, 3, 5, and 7 indicated. The tempo is marked 'Andante quasi Allegretto'. The score includes a repeat sign with first and second endings. The guitar part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bass part is written on a single staff with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp.

24 **C VII** **C V** **C II**

rit.

27 *a tempo*

dolce

29

più dolce e rall.

Andante

31 **C II** **C II**

morendo

legato molto

36 **C VII**

con molto espressione

poco f

41 **C VII**

meno

sforz.

p

rit. pp

*El canto con arm. octavados
a tempo*

46 **C VII** XIX XIX XIX **C II**

51 **C II** Natural **C VII** *poco più mosso*

57 **C VII** *meno* *rit.* *p*

62 **C VII** **Andante molto** *molto rit. e dim.*

65 **Tempo I** **D.S. al** *dim.*

67 *morendo* *rit. molto*

Joaquim MALATS (1872-1912)

SERENATA ESPAÑOLA

en la mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)
Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of A minor (one flat). It consists of five staves of music. The first staff is labeled 'C I' and contains measures 1 through 4. The second staff is labeled 'C I' and contains measures 5 through 8. The third staff is labeled 'C VIII' and contains measures 9 through 12. The fourth staff is labeled 'C VIII' and contains measures 13 through 16. The fifth staff is labeled 'C VI' and contains measures 17 through 20. The score includes various musical notations such as treble clef, key signature (one flat), time signature (3/4), and dynamic markings (p). It also includes fingering numbers (1-4) and articulation marks (accents, slurs).

20 **C VI** **3**

24

28

32 **C IX** **C VII**

35

39

42 **C X** **C VIII** ② ③ ④

46 ④

49 **C VI** **C VI**

52 ③ ④ ⑤

56 **C V** ② **C V**

59 ② **C IX** **C VII**

62

66

70

73

76

79

C V

C III

C IX

C IV

C VII

C I

83

87

91

95

98

102

106

C VIII

C VI

C IX

C VII

109

112

116

119

122

125

129

C V

C III

C IX

C IV

C VII

C I

C V-

Miguel LLOBET (1878-1938)

ESTUDIO

en MI mayor (1899)

Révision pour guitare de Anthony Campanella

Allegro moderato

The musical score is written for guitar in E major (three sharps) and 2/4 time. It consists of three systems of music. The first system (measures 1-4) features a melody with fingerings (m, i, a, m, i) and a bass line with fingerings (2, 1, 2, 1, 2). The second system (measures 5-8) includes a trill (ar19) and a trill (ar7). The third system (measures 9-11) includes a trill (ar7), a trill (ar19), and a trill (ar19). The score includes various dynamics (p, f) and articulation marks (accents, slurs). The piece concludes with a 'ritar. molto' marking.

14

8

ar7

ar19

mf

* *Union Musical Española* =

** *Union Musical Española* = RE#/D#

Miguel LLOBET : ESTUDIO

Miguel LLOBET (1878-1938)

EL MESTRE

Melodía popular catalana (1910)

Révision pour guitare de Mandarin

Andante

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/8 time, featuring a variety of techniques and dynamics. The notation includes fingerings (circled numbers), slurs, and specific guitar markings such as **CV**, **CIII**, **CI**, **CIV**, **pizz.**, and **rit.**. The piece begins with a **molto espressivo** marking and includes a **f** (forte) section starting at measure 7. A **rasg.** (rhythmic strumming) section begins at measure 13, alternating between **f** and **p** (piano). The tempo changes to **a tempo** at measure 19, marked **espr. molto** (very expressive). The score concludes with a **pizz.** (pizzicato) section at measure 29. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the piece is in a 3/8 time signature.

Miguel LLOBET (1878-1938)

EL NOI DE LA MARE

Melodía popular catalana

Révision pour guitare de Ramsnake

⑥ = RE/D

4

8

12

16

ar.8^{do}

ar7

ar12

Agustín BARRIOS MANGORÉ (1885-1944)

ESTUDIO DE CONCIERTO

en la majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

8 **C II** *a m i p* *i m a i a m i p*

5 **C II** *simile*

9 **C V**

13 **C II**

17 **C VI**

21 3 C IV

8

46

C IV

C II

50

C II

54

C II

C IV

58

C II

C IV

3

62

C VI

C VI

2

66

C IV

2

74

74

78

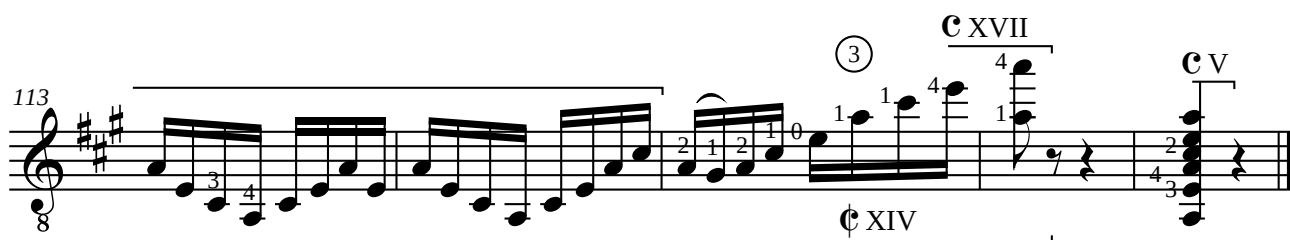
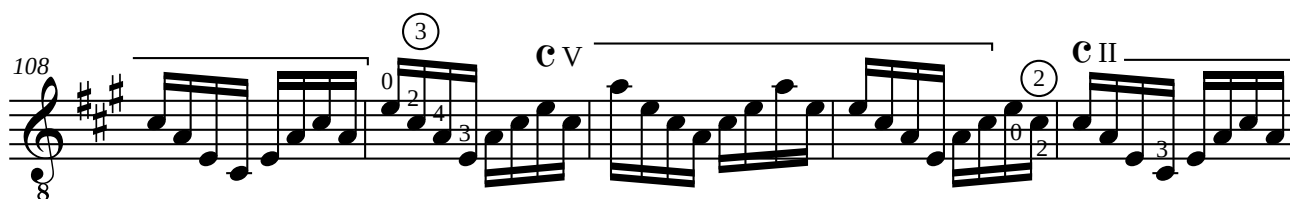
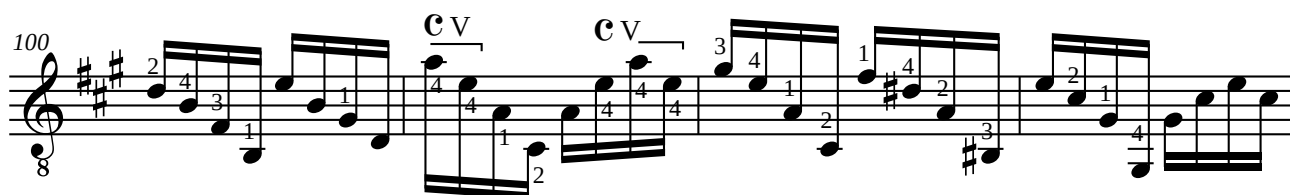
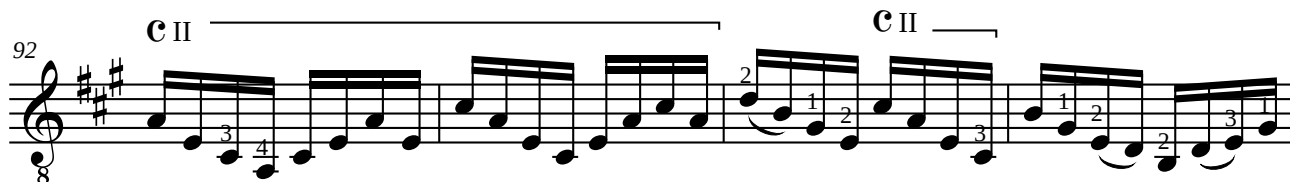
8

85

8

89





Agustín BARRIOS MANGORÉ (1885-1944)

LA CATEDRAL

en si mineur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

I PRELUDIO "SAUDADE"

musical score for guitar, featuring a treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a 2/4 time signature. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 4, 8, 12, 16, and 20 indicated. The notation includes various guitar-specific symbols such as natural harmonics (indicated by a caret ^ and a number 4), triplets (indicated by a circled 3), and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5). The piece is marked with a tempo of 8 and a dynamic of *simile*. The score includes a section labeled **C VII** and another labeled **C XI**, indicating specific guitar techniques or positions. The piece concludes with a final measure marked with a circled 4.

24

28

32

36

40

44

46

C XI

C VIII

C IV

C IV

C II

C VII

XIX VII

XII

XII

VII

VII

6

II ANDANTE RELIGIOSO

III ALLEGRO SOLEMNE

74 *m i m i m i a i m i* **C II**

77 **C IV**

80

83 **C II** **C IV**

86 **C II** **C IV**

89

92

95

98

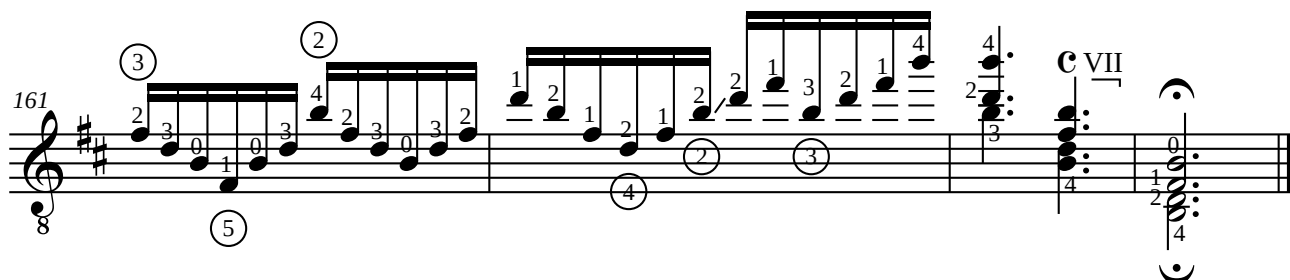
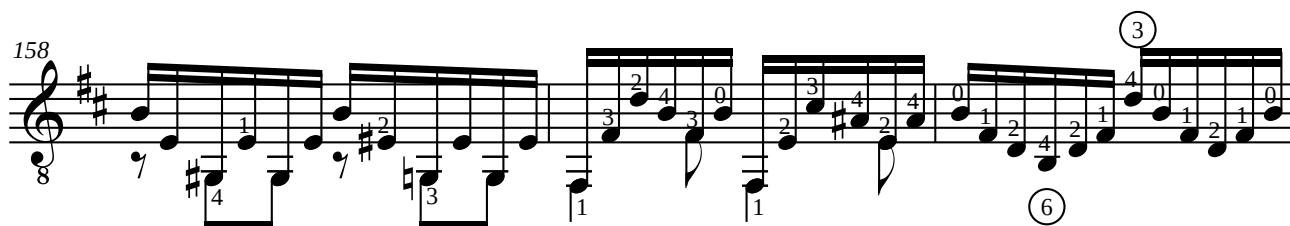
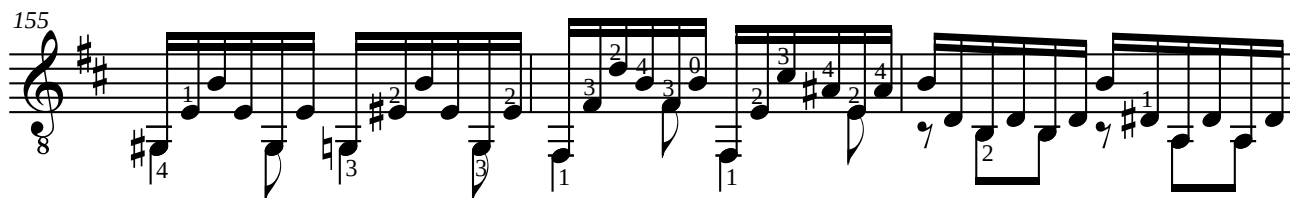
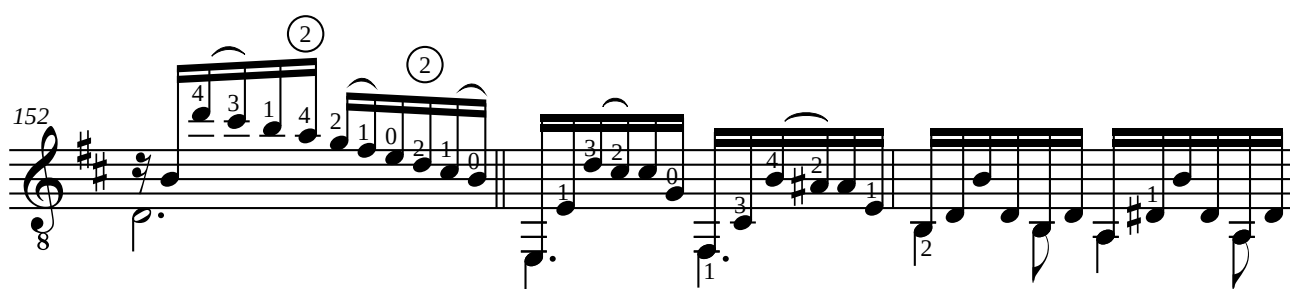
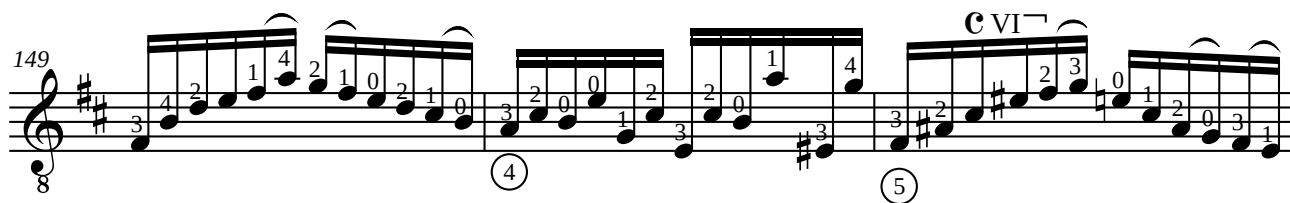
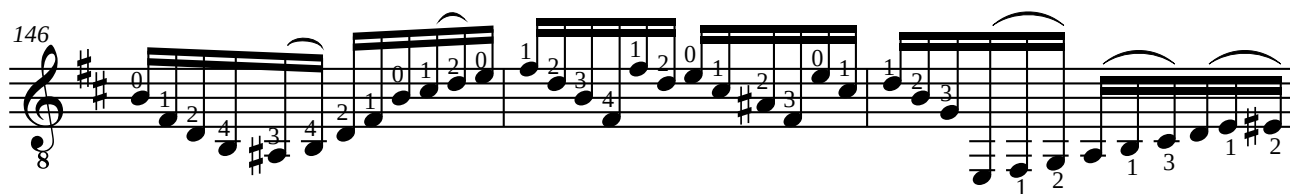
101

104

107

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Agustín BARRIOS MANGORÉ (1885-1944)

LAS ABEJAS

en ré

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

ad libitum - - - - -

Allegro brillante

8

4

7

10

13

16

19

cresc.

22 **CIII** **CII**

25

28 **CII**

31 **CVIII**

34 1. 2.

37 *ar7* **D.C. al**

41 **CII** **CVII**

44 **CIII**

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

MORDANTS ET TRILLES SUR UNE CORDE

MORDANT AND TRILL ON ONE STRING

pour les oeuvres baroques

Pour guitare

<http://www.dolmetsch.com/musictheory23.htm>

Mordants DO majeur - Mordents C Major ♩ = 138

1

Mordants RE majeur - Mordents D Major ♩ = 138

2

Trilles DO majeur - Trills C Major  = 138

The 'Trio' section is written for two staves. The upper staff uses a treble clef and contains a melody with notes marked with fingerings 1020, 1020, 3141, 3141, 1020, 1020, and 3141. The lower staff uses an alto clef and contains a complex accompaniment with triplets and sixteenth notes, also marked with fingerings 1020, 1020, 3141, 3141, 1020, 1020, and 3141. The section concludes with a double bar line and a key signature change to one sharp (F#).

Trilles RE majeur - Trills D Major  = 138

4

The musical score is written for a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The score is divided into four measures. The first measure contains a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The second measure contains a quarter note C5, a quarter note D5, and a quarter note E5. The third measure contains a quarter note F#5, a quarter note G5, and a quarter note A5. The fourth measure contains a quarter note B5, a quarter note C6, and a quarter note D6. The bass staff contains a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with various fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and fingerings clearly visible.

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

MORDANT ET TRILLE SUR DEUX CORDES

MORDANT AND TRILL ON TWO STRINGS

pour les oeuvres baroques

Pour guitare

Mordent (English) Mordant (Français) Mordent (Deutsch) Mordente (Italiano) ♩ = 138

1

030 aim 030 aim 141 aim 141 aim 020 aim 020 aim 141 aim 141 aim

242 aim 242 aim 020 aim 020 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim

p

p

Mordent Mordant Mordent Mordente ♩ = 138

2

141 aim 141 aim 020 aim 020 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim

141 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim 141 aim

p

p

Trill (English) Trille (Français) Triller (Deutsch) Trillo (Italiano) ♩ = 138

3

4 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 0101 aimp 0202 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp

2424 aimp 2424 aimp 0202 aimp 0202 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp

Trill Trille Triller Trillo ♩ = 138

1414 aimp

2

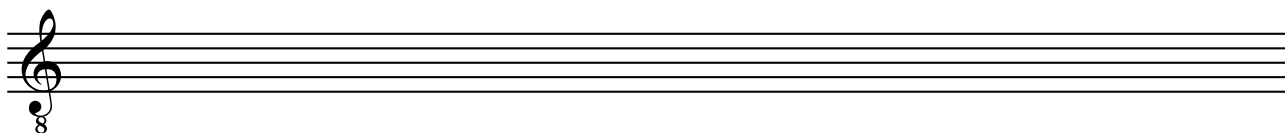
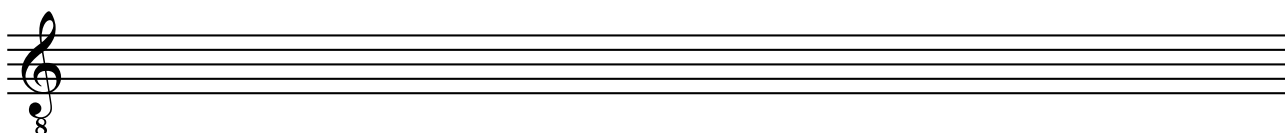
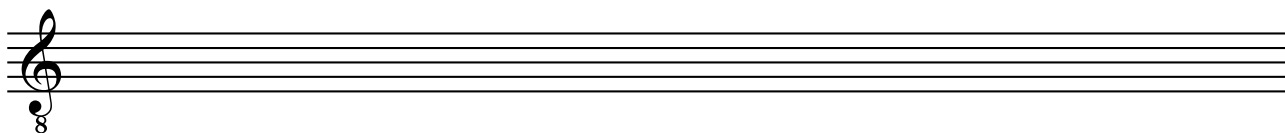
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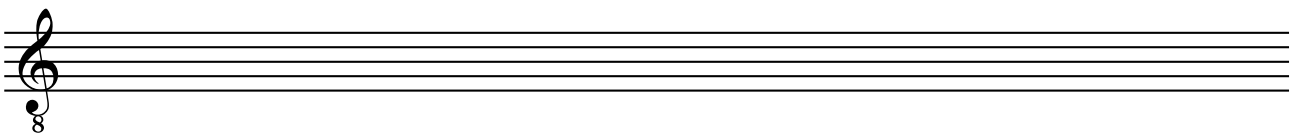
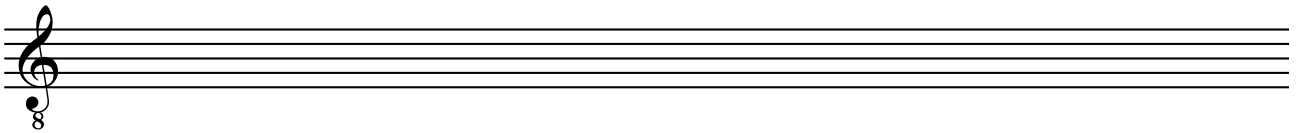
4

0202 aimp 0202 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp

1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp

1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp 1414 aimp





CATALOGUE DELCAMP.NET

Volume 1 - Anonyme : A la claire fontaine - Ah ! Mon beau château - Ah vous dirais-je maman - Alouette, gentille alouette - Au clair de la lune - Cadet Rousselle - C'est la cloche du vieux manoir - Chanson Italienne - Danse anglaise - Danse villageoise - Donne moi la fleur - Doucement, doucement - Fais dodo, colas mon p'tit frère - Frère Jacques - Good Morning to All - Il est minuit - J'ai du bon tabac - Jig - La bonne aventure - La Cucaracha - La tête bizarre - Le coucou - Lo, nous marchons sur un étroit chemin - London's burning - Lundi matin - Menuet en ré majeur - No le daba el sol - O bella ciao - Old Mac Donald - Quand j'étais chez mon père - Ricercar en la mineur - Savez vous planter des choux ? - Scarborough Fair - Sur le pont d'Avignon - Une souris verte - Valse Tyrolienne - Vent frais, vent du matin - Volt - **Adrian Le Roy** : Branles de Poitou n°2 et 4 - **Gaspar Sanz** : Villano - **J. A. P. Schultz** : Hymne - **Joseph Küffner** : Andantino [2] - Étude - **Fernando Sor** : Leçons opus 60 n°1, 2 et 3 - **Dionisio Aguado** : Valse - **Antonio Cano-Curiela** : Divertissement - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Accords - Arpèges - Bref n°1, 2 et 3 - Cordes à vide - Gammes de do majeur - Gamme de sol majeur - Gammes en tierces et liaisons - Polyphonie - Sol-la-si-do.

Volume 2 - Anonyme : Atoye - Irish Tune - Pavane - Volt - Canario - Danse Brandbourgeoise - Danse d'Avila - Que ne suis-je la fougère - Danse - Écossaise - Dans les jardins d'un père - A canoa virou - Red river valley - **Hans Judenkönig** : Christ ist erstanden - **Thoinot Arbeau** : Pavane - **Adrian Le Roy** : Branle de Poitou n°3 - **Emmanuel Adriaenssen** : Branle - **Gaspar Sanz** : Mariona - La Tarentella - Dance de las hachas - Villano - Otro villano - Batalla - Torneo - **John Anton Logy** : Gigue - **Johann-Philipp Krieger** : Menuet - **Henry Purcell** : Menuet - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Menuets BWV 1007 - **Ferdinando Carulli** : Sautillante - Arpeggi - Valse - Allegretto - Écossaise - Rondo - **Fernando Sor** : Andante n°1 opus 44 - Allegretto n°2 opus 44 - Leçons opus 60 n°4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 et 15 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Écossaise - **Juan Bobrowicz** : Danse - **Franz Gruber** : Stille Nacht - **Joseph Meissonnier** : Andante - **Matteo Carcassi** : Andante - Sauteuse - **Felix Horetzky** : Amusement - **Stephen Collins Foster** : Oh! Susanna - **José Ferrer Y Esteve** : Ejercicio n°6 - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Carnet de notes n°2 - Soleares - Malagueña - Petit Boogie - **Exercices** : Eteinte des résonances - Extensions - Gammes - Liaisons - Arpèges - Cejilla.

Volume 3 - Anonyme : Greensleeves - Gwin ar c'hallaoued - Maro Pontkalleg - Passemeze - Valse en sol - Vidalita - Welscher tanz - O cravo e a rosa - Carnavalito - Samba lele - Nesta rua - **Adrian Le Roy** : Branles de Bourgogne n° 1, 3 et 9 - **Santino Garsi da Parma** : Correnta - **Francis Cutting** : Packington's Pound - **Gaspar Sanz** : Española - Las hachas - Canciones - Clarin de los mosqueteros - Clarines y trompetas - Dos trompetas - Gallarda - La Buella - La Coquina Francesa - La Garzona - La minima de Portugal - La Miñona de cataluña - Lantururu - Le Esfacheta de Naples - Paradas - Pavane - Ruero - Dance de las hachas - Saltaren - Folias - Jacaras - **Johann Kaspar Fischer** : Gavotte - **Turlough O'Carolan** : Brian Boru's March - **Michel Corrette** : Aux armes camarades - Ramenez-ci ramenez-là - **Joseph Haydn** : Menuet - **Ferdinando Carulli** : Andante - Arpeggi - 4 Valses - **Antonio Nava** : Valse - **Fernando Sor** : Ejercicio n°1 et 2 opus 35 - Leçon n°1 opus 31 - Leçons opus 60 n°7, 11, 12, 13 et 14 - Valse n°1 opus 48 - **Dionisio Aguado** : Ejercicios n°4 et 7 Op.6 - Ejercicio n°4 - Lección n°13, 15 et 19 - Menuet - **Matteo Carcassi** : Allegretto - Andantino - Marche - Valse - **José Ferrer Y Esteve** : Ejercicio n°9 - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Tango - Malagueña fácil - Avec la gamme pentatonique - Novelette n°1 - Novelette n°2 - **Exercices** : Accords - Arpèges - Cejilla - Eteintes des résonances - Extensions - Gammes - Legato, staccato - Liaisons - Mordants et trilles - Glissando.

Volume 4 - Anonyme : Se io m'accorgo ben - Lu primm'ammore - Le blues - **Don Luys Milán** : Pavares n° I, - II, III et V - **Diego Pisador** : Pavane - **Guillaume Morlaye** : Galliarde - **Pietro Paulo Borrono da Milano** : Peschatore che va cantando - **Adrian Le Roy** : Almande - Branles de Bourgogne n° 1 et 5 - **John Dowland** : Mistris Winters Jume - Orlando Sleepeth - The sick tune - **Gaspar Sanz** : Matachin - Zarabanda - Villanos - **John Anton Logy** : Aria - Capriccio - Sarabande - Gigue - Menuet - **Robert de Visée** : Menuet - **François Campion** : Prélude - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Menuets BWV 1008 - **Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello** : Capriccio - Menuet - **Johannes Fr. Whilh. Wenkel** : Musette - **Leonhard Von Call** : Adagio - **Ferdinando Carulli** : Andantino - Rondo - **Fernando Sor** : Ejercices opus 35 n°13, 17 et 22 - Valse - Leçons opus 60 n°17 et 19 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Etude - Valse - Allegretto - **Dionisio Aguado** : Valse - **Matteo Carcassi** : 2 valse - Minuetto - **Johann Strauss** : Idyllen - Lockvögel - **Johann Kaspar Mertz** : Valse - **Napoléon Coste** : Barcarolle - **Francisco Tárrega** : Preludio pentatonica - Estudio en mi - Preludio sobre los gruppetos - Preludio en la - Estudio ostinato - Andantino - **Julio Salvador Sagreras** : Maria Luisa - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Venusdi - Carnet de notes n°5 - Novelette n°3 - **Stéphanie Foret** : Breutonneuse - **Ludovic-Alexandre Morin** : Petite étude - **Gennaro Caruso** : Sguardo ad oriente - **Giorgio Signorile** : Summer souvenir - **Fausto Bottai** : The dream of the sad minstrel - **Exercices** : Eteinte des résonances - Liaisons - Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Gammes - Cejilla - Extensions.

Volume 5 - Luys de Narváez : Cancion del Imperador - Guardame las vacas - Fantaisies 10 et 12 - Tres diferencias - **Hans Neusiedler** : Wascha mesa - **Alonso Mudarra** : Romanesca I - Gallarda - **Adrian Le Roy** : Branle de Bourgogne n° 2 - **Giulio Cesare Barbetta** : Moresca detta le canarie - **Santino Garsi da Parma** : Ballo del serenissimo Duca - **Anonyme** : Bianca fiore - Saltarello - **John Dowland** : Lady Laiton's almain - **Jean Baptiste Besard** : Ballet - **Robert Johnson** : Alman VII - **Gaspar Sanz** : 2 Canarios - Preludio - Pavanas por la D - **François Campion** : Prélude - Gigue - **Santiago de Murcia** : Prélude - Allegro - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Menuet Anh. 132 - Prélude BWV 1007 - **Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello** : Allegro - **François de Fossa** : Campanella - **Fernando Sor** : Etude opus 6 n°5 - Valse opus 13 - Leçon opus 31 n°21 - Exercice opus 35 n°8 - Leçon opus 60 n°18 - **Dionisio Aguado** : Egercicio n°10 - Ejercicio n°19 - **Matteo Carcassi** : Etudes opus 60 n°1, 3, 16 et 18 - **Johann Kaspar Mertz** : Ländler opus 9 n°4 - Ländler opus 12 n°1 - **Napoléon Coste** : Etudes opus 38 n°1 et 2 - Etude n°13 - Leçon n°24 - **Robert Schumann** : Fröhlicher Landmann - **Julián Arcas** : La Saltarina - Preludio - **Francisco Tárrega** : Lágrima - Estudio en forma de Minuetto - Estudio en mi - 4 Estudios - **Antonio Jiménez Manjón** : Balada - **Salvador Resgrasa** : ¿Cómo le va del ojo? - **Enrico Aloisi** : Estelle - **Zequinha de Abreu** : Tardes em Lindoia - Amando sobre o Mar - **João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco)** : Sons de Carilhões - **Agustín Barrios Mangoré** : El Sueño de la Muñequita - Estudio del ligado - **Américo Jacomino (Canhoto)** : Arrependida - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Berceuse - Préludes n°1 et 2 - Tango - Milonga - **Pierre Tremblay** : Contine - **Exercices** : Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Cejilla - Eteintes des résonances - Extensions - Gammes - Liaisons.

Volume 6 - Francesco Canova da Milano : Fantasias VI et XX - **Luys de Narváez** : Arde corazon arde - Ya se asienta el rey Ramiro - **Don Luys Milán** : Pavane VI - Fantaisie XVI - **Alonso Mudarra** : Fantasias 1 et 13 - Conde claros - Pavane - **Grégoire Brayssing** : Fantasie V - **Adrian Le Roy** : Passemeze - **John Dowland** : Tarleton's riserrectione - Lady Hunsdon's pufte - **Gaspar Sanz** : 2 fugues - Gallardas - Folias - **François Campion** : Fugue - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Marche, Menuets, Musette - Bourrée BWV 996 - Sarabande BWV 1002 - Gavottes BWV 1012 - **Domenico Scarlatti** : Sonates K 32, K 34, K 391 et K 431 - **Sylvius Léopold Weiss** : Capriccio - **Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello** : Allegro - **Wenzeslaus Thomas Matiegka** : Menuetto - **Fernando Sor** : Etudes opus 6 n°8 et 9 - Cantabile - Leçons opus 31 n°16 et 20 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Sonatine - **Dionisio Aguado** : Estudios n°14, 15 et 29 - **Matteo Carcassi** : Études, n°2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 et 23 - **Johann Strauss** : Annen, Polka - **Napoléon Coste** : Etude - **Frédéric Chopin** : Prélude n°7 - **Robert Schumann** : Soldatenmarsch - **Julián Arcas** : El Fagot - **Francisco Tárrega** : Preludio en mi - Estudio en terceras - Estudio de Damas - Preludios n° 10, 11 et 14 - Endecha - Vals - Estudio en la - **Erik Satie** : Gnossienne n°1 - **Salvador Resgrasa** : No se permite - **João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco)** : Sonho de magia - **Agustín Barrios Mangoré** : Preludio en mi - Minuetto - **Américo Jacomino (Canhoto)** : Marcha triunfal brasileira - Olhos feiticeiros - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Jeudo - Valse des fleurs - **Exercices** : Gammes et exercices - Mordants et trilles.

Volume 7 - Luys de Narváez : Baxa de contrapunto - Conde claros - **Bálint Bakfark** : Non dite mai - **Alonso Mudarra** : Fantasias 10 et 14 - **Adrian Le Roy** : Fantasie 2 - **Giulio Cesare Barbetta** : Moresca detta il mattacino - **John Dowland** : Melancholy galliard - Sir John Smith, his almain - **Francesco Corbetta** : Gavotte - **Ludovico Roncalli** : Gigua - **Jean-Philippe Rameau** : Le Lardon - Menuet en rondeau - Les Tricotets - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Préludes BWV 846, 998 et 999 - Allemande BWV 996 - Sarabande BWV 997 - **Domenico Scarlatti** : Sonate K 322 - **Georg Friedrich Händel** : Fughette - **Fernando Sor** : Etudes opus 6 n°3, 6, 11 et 12 - Les folies d'Espagne - Menuetto - Leçon opus 31 n°19 - **Anton Diabelli** : Menuet - **Dionisio Aguado** : Estudio n°18 - **Luigi Legnani** : Caprice n°5 - **Matteo Carcassi** : Etudes n°12, 20, 22 et 24 - **Johann Kaspar Mertz** : Capriccio - **Félix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy** : Barcarola Veneziana - **Frédéric Chopin** : Valse n°2 opus 34 - **Antonio Cano-Curriela** : El Delirio - **Juan Parga** : Guarija - **Edvard Grieg** : Melody - **Juan Alais** : La Mendozina - **Francisco Tárrega** : ¡Adelita! - Pavana - Preludio 2 - Maria - Pepita - Oremus - Paquito - **Carlos García Tolsa** : Maruja - **Ernesto Júlio Nazareth** : Odeon - **Antonio Jiménez Manjón** : Tu y yo - La Mariposa - **Erik Satie** : Gymnopédie n°1 - **Enrique Granados** : Valses I - Dedicatoria - **Miguel Llobet** : El Testament d'Amelia - **Zequinha de Abreu** : Tico-tico - **João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco)** : Recordando Nazareth - Pó de Mico - **Agustín Barrios Mangoré** : Villancico de Navidad - London Carapé - **Carlos Gardel** : Por una cabeza - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Saturdy - Polka - La boutique du magicien distrait - Mazurka - Or et azur - Tango en mi - 6 variations sur la Partida - **Exercices** : Mordant et trille sur deux cordes.

Niveau 8 - John Dowland : King of Denmark, his galliard - **Girolamo Frescobaldi** : Aria detta la Frescobalda - **Dietrich Buxtehude** : Suite BuxWV 236 - **Jean-Philippe Rameau** : Rigaudons et Double - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Gavotte BWV 1006a - **Domenico Scarlatti** : Sonate K 78 - **Georg Friedrich Händel** : Sarabande - **Sylvius Léopold Weiss** : Fantaisie - Ciacona - **Louis Claude Daquin** : Le coucou - **Ludwig Van Beethoven** : Bagatelle Für Elise - **Mateo Albéniz** : Sonate - **Fernando Sor** : Grand solo opus 14 - Etude opus 29 n°17 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Variations opus 107 - **Matteo Carcassi** : Variations sur Au clair de la lune opus 7 - Etude opus 60 n°25 - **Franz Schubert** : Menuet opus 78 - **Johann Kaspar Mertz** : Tarantelle - **Napoléon Coste** : Etude n°23 - **Félix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy** : Canzonetta opus 12 - **Sebastián de Iradier** : La Paloma - **Georges Bizet** : L'amour est enfant de Bohème - **Francisco Tárrega** : Recuerdos de la Alhambra - Las dos hermanitas - Gran vals - Capricho Árabe - Tango - **Isaac Albéniz** : Granada - Asturias - **Ernesto Júlio Nazareth** : Apanheite cavaquinho - **Antonio Jiménez Manjón** : Cuento de amor - Lola - **Enrique Granados** : Oriental - **Luigi Mozzani** : Feste Lariane - **Miguel Llobet** : La Filla d'el Marxant - Cançó de Lladre - **João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco)** : Interrogando - **Agustín Barrios Mangoré** : Julia Florida - Valse opus 8, n°4 - Valse opus 8, n°3 - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Viviane - Sunday - Impromptu n°1.

Niveau 9 - Clément Janequin : La guerre - **John Dowland** : A Fantasie n°VII - **Daniell Batcheler** : Mounsiers Almaine - **Jean-Philippe Rameau** : Menuet - Tambourin - **Domenico Scarlatti** : Sonate K 11 - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Choral BWV 147 - Choral BWV 645 - Fugue BWV 1000 - Prélude et Presto BWV 995 - **Sylvius Léopold Weiss** : Passagaille - Tombeau sur la mort du comte Logy - **Fernando Sor** : Variations sur Malbroug opus 28 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Grande ouverture opus 61 - **Dionisio Aguado** : Fandango opus 16 - **Frédéric Chopin** : Valse n°2 opus 64 - **José Viñas y Dias** : Fantasia Original - **Francisco Tárrega** : Danza Mora - Alborada - Estudio Brillante - Mazurka en sol - **Isaac Albéniz** : Prelude opus 165 - Malagueña opus 165 - Capricho Catalan opus 165 - Rumores de la calleta opus 71 - **Enrique Granados** : Danza Española n°5 opus 37 - **Joaquim Malats** : Serenata Española - **Miguel Llobet** : Estudio en mi mayor - El Mestre - El Noi de la Mare - **Agustín Barrios Mangoré** : Estudio de concierto - La catedral - Las abejas.

Don Luys Milán : 6 Pavanas (fac-similés).

Robert de Visée : Suite VIII en ré mineur.

Anonyme : 7 pièces de la renaissance, d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916).

Georg Philipp Telemann : Concerto pour 4 guitares TWV 40:202.

Johann Sebastian Bach : L'oeuvre pour luth : Suite BWV 995, Suite BWV 996, Partita BWV 997, Prelude, Fugue et Allegro BWV 998, Prelude BWV 999, Fugue BWV 1000, Partita BWV 1006a.

Johann Sebastian Bach : Choral Prelude BWV 639 - Prelude BWV 881.

Fernando Sor : 20 Études pour guitare.

Matteo Carcassi: 25 Études mélodiques progressives opus 60.

Francisco Tárrega : Integral de las obras de concierto - Preludio, sobre un tema de Mendelssohn - Preludio n° 6 - La Cartagenera - Estudio en si menor - Danza Mora - Preludio n° 4 - Lágrima - ¡Adelita! - Pavana - Estudio, sobre un tema de Wagner - Estudio, sobre un tema de Verdi - Estudio de Velocidad - Preludio, en mi mayor - Preludio, pentatónica - Preludio n° 5 - Minuetto - Estudio, en mi menor - Malagueña, Fácil - Preludio n° 2 - Preludio sobre los gruppetos - Isabel, valse de Strauss - Estudio en forma de Minuetto - Estudio en arpeggios - Danza Odalisca - Recuerdos de la Alhambra - Preludio n° 13 - Preludio n° 7 - Preludio n° 8 - Maria, Gavota - Las dos hermanitas - Estudio Brillante de Alard - ¡Sueño! - Preludio n° 9 - Gran vals - Estudio en terceras - Alborada - Estudio de Damas - El Carnaval de Venicia - Preludio, en la menor - Preludio n° 12, en la menor - Preludio n° 14, sobre Bach - Estudio ostinato, en la mayor - Estudio de escalas - ¡Marieta! - Andantino - Gran jota de concierto - Preludio n° 1 - Preludio n° 10 - Rosita, Polka - La Mariposa - Fantasia Traviata - Endecha - Preludio n° 11 - Pepita - Vals - Capricho Árabe - Preludio, en ré mayor - Oremus - Estudio de Cramer - El Columpio - Fantasia Marina - Preludio n° 3 - Preludio en sol mayor - Estudio sobre "J'ai du bon tabac" - Mazurka, en sol - Tango - Preludio en do mayor - Paquito - Sueño.

Miguel Llobet : Obras para guitarra - Romanza, Estudio capricho, Estudio en mi mayor, Mazurka, Variaciones sobre un tema opus 15 de Sor, Scherzo-Vals, Respuesta, Prelude-Original en mi mayor, Preludio en ré mayor, Preludio in mi mayor, Preludio en la mayor, La Filla d'el Marxant, Plany, Lo Fill del Rei, Cançó de Lladre, El Testament d'Amelia, El Noi de la Mare, Lo Rossinyol, L'Hereu Riera, El Mestre, La nit de Nadal, La Filadora, La Pastoreta.

Enrique Granados : Valses Poéticos – 12 Danzas Españolas opus 37 : Galante, Oriental, Fandango, Villanesca, Andaluza, Rondalla aragonesa, Valenciana, Sardana, Romántica, Melancólica, Arabesca, Bolero.

Isaac Albeniz : Suite española opus 47 : Granada, Cataluña, Sevilla, Cadiz, Asturias, Aragon, Castilla, Cuba.

Duos et trios - John Johnson : The flat pavan - **Thomas Robinson** : A plaine song - A toy - **Anonyme** : Le Rossignol - **Antonio Vivaldi** : Adagio du Concerto RV 532 - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Inventions n°1, 4 et 8 - Gavottes de la Suite anglaise n°3 - **Georg Friedrich Händel** : Sarabande de la suite XI - **Ludwig Van Beethoven** : Sonatine WoO 43a - **Ferdinando Carulli** : Duo opus 34 n°2 - **Anonyme** : Pajarillo verde.